## March 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Women's History Month Irish Heritage Month					Zero Discrimination Day	2
3	4	5	6	7	International Women's Day	9
Ramadan 10 Begins	11	12	13	14	15	16
St. Patrick's Day	18	19	20 International Day of Happiness	World Down Syndrome Day International Day for Elimination of Racial Discriminitation	22	23 Purim
24	25 Holi	Purple Day for Epilepsy Awareness	27	28	29 Good Friday	30
Easter Sunday  Transgender Day of Visibility						

## In March, we celebrate and remember:

- Women's History Month: highlighting contributions that women have made in history and in society. It is celebrated every March to correspond with International Women's Day on March 8.
- Irish Heritage Month: Irish Canadians have greatly contributed to the story of our country, and this month is an
  opportunity to learn more about their history and positive impact. After the Irish first began arriving in what was
  then known as New France in the 17th century, they often faced extreme poverty and discrimination. In the 19th
  century, many more arrived on famine ships. Despite many challenges, they thrived, and today, almost 4.6 million
  Canadians in towns and cities across Canada can trace their ancestry back to Ireland.
- Zero Discrimination Day on March 1: Celebrating the right of everyone to live a full and productive life—and live it
  with dignity. It highlights how people can become informed about and promote inclusion, compassion, peace,
  and a movement for change in order to end all forms of discrimination.
- International Women's Day on March 8: A global day celebrating the social, economic, cultural, and political
  achievements of women. The day also marks a call to action for accelerating women's equality and to drive
  gender parity.
- Ramadan begins on March 10: In Islam, Ramadan is the holy month whereby Muslims fast during daylight hours. It is a period that aims to cleanse one's body and soul from impurities and re-focus oneself to the worship of God. An opportunity for devotion, prayer, reflection, charity-giving, self-accountability and celebration of the mercy and love of Allah.
- St. Patrick's Day on March 17: a global celebration of Irish culture and the anniversary of the death of St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, in the fifth century. The Irish have observed this day as a religious holiday for over 1,000 years.
- International Day of Happiness on March 20: Since 2013, the United Nations has celebrated this day as a way to
  recognise the importance of happiness in the lives of people around the world. At this time of uncertainty and
  conflict, this year's 'Happier Together' theme reminds us that lasting happiness comes from feeling connected to
  others and being part of something bigger.
- World Down Syndrome Day on March 21: A day to raise public awareness of Down Syndrome and the effective
  and meaningful inclusion and participation of all people with Down Syndrome in spaces where decisions are
  being made about matters relating to or affecting their lives. The theme this year is "End the Stereotypes".
  Stereotypes about people with Down syndrome can do tremendous harm, causing them to be misunderstood,
  underestimated, and excluded. We are all so much more than any diagnosis we may have. This year we celebrate
  each and every individual for who they are!
- International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination on March 21: Declared by the UN, this day
  remembers the damaging effects of racial discrimination and is a reminder to continue building a world with
  justice and equality. Raising awareness and gaining support for global action on racism, discrimination,
  xenophobia and other intolerances.
- Purim on March 23–24: The festival of Purim commemorates the heroism of Esther, and the salvation of the
  Jewish people from annihilation at the hands of Haman in the Achaemenid Empire. It is celebrated with Megillah
  readings, gifts of food, charity, feasting, and merriment. (Judaism)
- Holi on March 25: A spring festival celebrated predominantly in India by both Hindu and non-Hindu people, also
  known as the "festival of colours" or the "festival of love". Holi represents the arrival of spring and the triumph of
  good over evil, and on this one day, the usual rankings of caste, gender, status, and age are ignored in favour of
  celebrating together by throwing colored water and powders on one another. (Hinduism)
- Purple Day/Epilepsy Awareness on March 26: Originating in Canada, Purple Day was invented by the incredible
  Cassidy Megan, a young girl motivated by the struggles she had with epilepsy. Epilepsy is a neurological disorder
  of the central nervous system, specifically of the brain. It is characterized by the tendency to have recurrent
  seizures. Epilepsy can affect anyone, anytime, anyplace and can change lives in a moment.
- Good Friday on March 29: A Christian holiday to commemorate the crucifixion of Jesus and his death at Calvary.
- Easter on March 31: also called "Pascha" or Resurrection Sunday, is one of the holiest days in the Christian (Western) calendar, commemorating the resurrection of Jesus from the dead, described in the New Testament as having occurred on the third day of his burial following his crucifixion by the Romans at Calvary c. 30 AD.
- Transgender Day of Visibility on March 31: recognizing the struggles, sacrifices and achievements of those who
  fought, and continue to fight, for gender equity. This day highlights our friends, family, colleagues and neighbours
  who contribute to the diversity in Canada, and it encourages us to recognize that transgender and non-binary
  individuals continue to resist oppression by simply being exactly who they are.